OLD ENGLAND:
OR,
The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, *of the Duchy of* Cornwall, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1752. [N°. 112.

Multiplici vigilans prudentia furgit ab uſu.
SEN.

NO Calamity in Nature terrifies poor weak Mortals ſo much as Death; and of all the various kinds of dying, none ſhocks like Sudden Death. By Sudden Death is meant that which is not expected. No Suicide therefore can be perfectly comprehended in the preſent Acceptation; becauſe, tho' the Action is certainly ſudden, it has been predetermined by the Party killing; and it is obvious, that what has been pre-determined cannot be ſudden. However, it appears ſudden to all who were ignorant of the Deſign; and our *Mercurys* of Intelligence are not to blame for telling us, my Lord ——, or 'Squire ***, was an *eminent* Blockhead of ſome neglected Kinde, *died ſuddenly* —— either by too copious Draughts of Wine, Water or Poiſon; or the worthy Application of a Halter which beſides, eaſes the Sheriff, had the Merit of not increaſing the public Expence.

But it is not the Animal Body alone which ſuffers and ſuffers this ſudden Diſſolution: The Political Body does not dread leſs, nor ſuffer leſs, from it. An Example to verify this Obſervation will not be wanting to thoſe who remember the Diſſolution of the laſt ****, and the Proceedings of this; for bad as the laſt might have been, the other is undoubtedly much worſe,—— if we credit what has been called the *Vox Populi*, or the Murmurings of the Croud.

This Conſideration however has induced many well-meaning People to pray againſt any future Diſſolution; for being, like *Dionyſius*'s old Woman, rather apt to fear much than to hope well, they tremble more at the Thoughts of the Tyrants to come, than even they ſuffer from the Tyrants they feel. The paſt they find, from repeated Experience, are not the worſt; and for this Reaſon they reconcile themſelves to the preſent.

Hence it has been induſtriouſly rumoured, that many thouſand Perſons of this Mode of Thinking were joining in a Petition, to be laid before the H—— and ſeconded by the M——, humbly ſetting forth the ſuperior Utility of *bad Men* compared to *worſe*, and praying, that the preſent **** might at once vote itſelf *perpetual*.

Were it incumbent on me to declare my Sentiments on this diſputable Matter, I ſhould not ſcruple to own my Diſapprobation of this Petition, if ſuch was ever deſigned. I would not condemn it merely becauſe it is deſtructive of the *Old* Conſtitution which is now no more, but that I am perfectly ſenſible *no Change whatever can poſſibly be dreadful now:* The very worſt that can happen, has happened; and every Change muſt be for the better.

But this Rumour evidently took its Riſe from the malevolent Sarcaſms of Malcontents; for it is well known, that the M———, ſo far from favouring a *Perpetuity*, are looking towards a *Diſſolution*. What can ſecuring of Electors, cajoling ſome and purchaſing others, ſo very early as this Receſs, elſe portend?

Yet, ſo tenacious are ſome Men of their Opinions, that they affirm a *Diſſolution* the beſt Expedient to maintain a *Perpetuity*, as if the M——, deſigning *to ſmuggle an Election*, were determined to fill the old Seats with the ſame Poſt—rs. The Inconſiſtence of ſuch an Inſinuation needs no Comment; nor have we Time to cenſure its Malignance and Indelicacy.

Whether we are to be ſurprized with a *ſudden Death*, as little or leſs lamented than the laſt; or whether the *perpetual Motion* is to diſcover *endleſs Slavery*, —our Duty incites us to beware of either. To be forewarned is to be forearmed; and *'tis* hoped the Gentlemen and Freeholders of *Great Britain*, in their elective Capacity, will demand a few previous *Poſtulata* from thoſe they deſign to elect.

When a Candidate preſents himſelf, they will conſider his Fortune and Qualifications. If he is a Stranger to them, and is prodigal of his Money, they may depend upon it he has no Intereſt of theirs at Heart. Such a Man will be deſired to tranſport himſelf, with his Titles and Finery, to the inviſible Regions which gave him a Right to repreſent; for 'tis but reaſonable he ſhould be a Member for *Terra Incognita*, where his Eſtates lie.

After a Candidate has paſſed the Preliminary of Examination, when his *Ability*, *Integrity* and *former good Behaviour* ſhall have been enquired into and eſtabliſhed, the Electors will next require a religious Obſervance of the following Topics, and not proceed to the Election 'till they have enforced Compliance in the moſt ſatisfying Aſſurances.

I. That the favourite Maxim, which declares the Elected independent of the Electors, be no longer a Maxim than where the general Good evidently require it.

II. That the *Privileges of the Houſe* interfere not with the *Liberties of the People*.

III. That the *Habeas Corpus* Act be not *again* annulled, or, which is the ſame, rendered uſeleſs, on any other Occaſion than an actual, dangerous Rebellion.

IV. That the Eſtimates for maintaining near *Twenty Thouſand* Land-Forces in *Great Britain* be leſſened at leaſt One Half; that their Number may be proportionably reduced.

V. That it be made High-Treaſon in any Member to propoſe the Abuſe of the *Sinking Fund*, by any future Draughts from it; and that the Produce of it be increaſed and applied for the Diſcharge of the National Debts.

VI. That a more ſpeedy Method be applied to this End, either as an Auxiliary to the *Sinking Fund* or as an Improvement of it.

VII. That no *foreign Subſidies* be granted.

VIII. That an Enquiry be made into the Meaning of *frequent Prorogations* and *Diſſolutions*, and that the Promoters of them be voted *Enemies to their Country*.

IX. That the *Place* and *Penſion* Bills be revived, and paſſed into Laws, before the current Service be provided for.

Remembering the Precept, *Quicquid præcipies eſto brevis*, &c. we ſhall not multiply Articles without Neceſſity. If theſe are obſerved, the *Minutiæ* of Liberty will not be forgot. Nor need we comment on the Utility of theſe Requiſitions: Truth and Juſtice diſplay themſelves.

Whenever a general Election happens, then muſt be the great Effort of Liberty. The Electors of *Great Britain* will then have it in their Power to renew the Conſtitution their Anceſtors ſo dearly purchaſed. The Virtue of ſaving their Country will be theirs, together with the grateful Praiſes of Poſterity.

It has been obſerved, that Perſons in the middle Ranks of Life are more to be confided in, have leſs Timidity, and ſuffer leſs Influence, than any other. We ſhall not deny it. But may the next general Election produce an illuſtrious Example to verify the Obſervation.

Were the Nature of our Duty to our Country properly underſtood, it would be as rare to ſee it bartered for a paltry Bribe, as it is to ſee a horrid Crime committed: Not one in Five Hundred would then offend; for it is a Crime againſt the very Man who commits it, againſt the Happineſs of his own Children, and the very Being of his Country. Liberty has been finely called the Soul of Society, and whatever Member of it attempts their Separation, attempts a Crime more atrocious than Parricide, becauſe in Effect more extenſive.

Cicero, as tho' endued with a Portion of Divinity, elegantly deſcribes the Reward of Patriots: —— *Omnibus, qui Patriam conſervarint, adjuverint, auxerint, certum eſſe in cælo definitum locum, ubi beati ævo ſempiterno fruantur.* "For all thoſe who have preſerved, de-
"fended and enriched their Country, there is
"a Diſtinction of future Bliſs ſuperior and
"eternal." What could an enlightened Divine of theſe Days have ſaid more juſtly than this heavenly Sentiment of a blind Philoſopher and Patriot?

Whatever Contempt and Ridicule the Conſtitution may ſuffer, however ſome *Gentlemen* may ſport at the Expence of their Country, they will not do amiſs to remember the gay Reign of *Charles* and the bigotted one of *James*. They preceeded and produced the *Revolution*. But by what means did they produce it? Was it not by *proroguing* and *diſſolving* Parliaments, and governing without them? And is that worſe than *buying* them, and rendering them *uſeleſs?* —— The Time may come when we ſhall not think ſo; for the Expence of ſuch a Number of Governors will make us look back with Regret on thoſe *golden Days* when but a few were maintained.

The Houſe of Commons are the Guardians of the People's Liberties. As ſuch they are to be revered, loved, and defended. But periſh that Advocate who could ſanction a Houſe of ——. For my own Part, whatever I may ſuffer for it, I hope never to mingle Falſhood with my Duty.

Nolumus Leges Angliæ mutari is a Maxim the Freeholders of *Great Britain* will adhere to, if they'd be happy. "We will not ſuffer

the Conſtitution to be changed," but it may nevertheleſs be ſtrengthened, repaired and beautified.

Mr. *Locke*, where he treats on Government, ſays, " The People, generally ill treated, and contrary to Right, will be ready upon any Occaſion to eaſe themſelves of a Burden that ſits heavy upon them." I hope my Countrymen will in due Seaſon prove, that our Philoſopher was not miſtaken; and that an Obſervation his own Times produced, may, without a Compliment, be ſaid to revive in this.

LONDON.

We hear that Sir Peter Warren died of an inflammatory fever, on the 26th of July, in Ireland. He has left behind him a lady and four daughters, of whom the eldeſt is fourteen.

Tueſday morning died at his ſeat at Loughton, William Whitaker, Eſq; Alderman of Lime-ſtreet Ward. He is ſucceeded by John Porter, Eſq;

Tueſday night died at Epſom in Surry, John Boſworth, Knt. late chamberlain of this city.

Monday morning his royal highneſs the duke reviewed, in the warren at Woolwich, five companies of the royal regiment of artillery, which performed their manuel exerciſe, and that of the long guns to admiration, firing twelve and thirteen times a minute. There were preſent the lord Tyrawley, Sir John Ligonier, and ſeveral other perſons of diſtinction.

Wedneſday 7-night a young officer of the guards was put under an arreſt, by the orders of his ſuperior officer, for inſulting and challenging another officer.

The lords of the admiralty have put the Hind man of war at Portſmouth into commiſſion, and given the command to Capt. Timothy Nucella.

The Government has iſſued out orders for all charity ſchools, infirmaries and hoſpitals, throughout the kingdom of Ireland, to pay window lights, ſeveral of whom have already been ſurveyed for that purpoſe.

The attention of the public is now chiefly engroſſed by the ſickneſs of the dauphin, on whoſe life the lives of many thouſands may depend; for ſhould he die, not only France, but all Europe, would probably in a few years be involved in war and deva[ſ]tation. The dauphin, if he lives to the 24 of this month, will have compleated his 23d year, but if his diſtemper ſhould cut him off, then all the hopes of France will be fixed upon his ſon, the duke of Burgundy; and how precarious the life of an infant in the cradle is, may be readily conjectured. It is true, the French king, who was but forty-two laſt February, may be able to get more children, but his queen is older than himſelf; and her laſt child was born in 1737, ſo that there is no probability of her being any more pregnant.

If the male heirs of this branch of the houſe of Bourbon ſhouuld become extinct, the contention for the crown of France will be between the king of Spain and the duke of Orleans; the king of Spain and his brothers bearing the ſame relation to Lewis the XIV being all his great grand children. The Spaniſh branch is undoubtedly neareſt in blood to the crown; but Philip the late king of Spain, grandſon of Lewis the XIV. was excluded by his own conſent, at the treaty of Utrecht, from inheriting the crown of France, upon condition of being recogniſed king of Spain, by the parties to that treaty; but how far his preſent catholic majeſty will adhere to that agreement ſeems not eaſy to be determined. By the ſame treaty the crown of France was entailed on the duke of Orleans, if the male iſſue of his preſent majeſty ſhould fail. This branch of the houſe of Bourbon ſprung from Phillip duke of Orleans, ſecond ſon of Lewis XIII, and brother of Lewis XIV. The preſent duke of Orleans is grandſon of the late regent.

They write from Bath, that laſt Tueſday morning part of the regiment of Scotch greys came in there from Bradford, to do duty during the princeſs's ſtay there.

And that lord Onſlow's brown gelding Highlander, and his black horſe Victorious, won the two purſes of fifty pounds at Tedbury, laſt Thurſday & Friday ſe'nnight.

We hear there is arrived for his grace the duke of Bedford, by the Britannia Capt. Maſſan, from Leghorn, a beautiful caſt of the famous mold of an antient Roman galley, which ſtands before the villa Maltrei, in Rome, ſuppoſed to have been made two thouſand years ago. As this is the only antiquity of that kind now in being, and as the caſt is the expreſs dimenſions and pattern of that original, it may be juſtly eſteemed a great curioſity.

As ſome of the gentlemen, who have the chief direction of the herring fiſhery ſociety, were on Tueſday, going down the River, in a Trinity boat, in order to look for a proper place for laying up their Buſſes, &c. during winter; they very narrowly eſcaped being drowned, by the careleſſneſs of another boat, which, having her ſail up, run foul of, and half filled, the Trinity boat with water.

Tueſday morning a mad dog bit a perſon and ſeveral dogs by St. James's houſe, but was at laſt kill'd by a ſoldier, who ran him thro' with his ſword.

On Sunday an unfortunate accident happened to a ſon of Mr. Phipps, who keep the Horns, a publick houſe in the road leading to Fulham; a gentleman alighting there to drink, the lad got upon his horſe, who ran away with him, threw him, and beat his brains out.

Laſt Tueſday a gentleman riding on the courſe at Barnet Race full ſpeed, fell from his horſe, and was killed on the ſpot.

Tueſday the coroner's inqueſt ſat on the body of a man found drowned the day before in the river, and brought in their verdict accidental death: He had been carried to St. Martin's Bonehouſe in order to be owned, and on Wedneſday a woman came to look at him, who ſaid her husband had reſolved to go out of town, and ſhe imagined he had purſued his reſolution, but being afraid leſt he might have ſtopt to waſh himſelf, ſhe came there to be ſatisfied; and no ſooner did ſhe ſet her eyes upon the dead body, but fainted away; for he proved to be her husband.

Laſt Saturday at noon ſix young watermen ſtarted to row from the Old Swan near London bridge, to the Swan at Chelſea, for Dogget's coat and badge. Five of them ply below bridge, and one of them above, whoſe name is John Cook. It was thought that Cook would have won, but ſoon after they they ſtarted ſeveral of the below bridge waterman, in galleys, ran foul of him, whereby his boat was ſoon above half full of water, which rendered him incapable of proceeding. The coat & badge were claimed by Thomas Hodgon, but the unfair play Cook had received being repreſented to the maſter & wardens of the fiſhmonger's company, they refuſed to deliver it, and gave orders that it ſhould be rowed for again; the Will of Mr. Dogget requiring, that if any perſon will make affidavit that it is not fairly won, it muſt be rowed for over again, 'till it ſhall be won in a fair and proper manner. And

On Monday about one o'clock the ſix watermen rowed the ſecond time from the old ſwan to Chelſea, for the ſaid coat and badge. When they were at Lambeth, it was thought that Cook the above bridge waterman would have won, he being conſiderably a head; but before they got to Chelſea, two of the others got the ſtart of him; he came in third, by which means he is intitled to a gratuity of 3l. The coat and badge was won by Thomas Hogdon, who came in firſt on Saturday. Hogdon's boat was the hindmoſt at Weſtminſter bridge both on Saturday & Monday, but he got the ſtart of his antagoniſts each day in Chelſea Reach, and they could not overtake him afterwards.

Monday a wager was rowed by two men from Weſtminſter bridge to Barnes, when after a very tight match, it was won by the Chyſwick man.

Laſt Saturday morning, when the walking women began at the crown near Ranelagh, the younger wanted 27 miles and a half, and the elder 28 and a quarter, to compleat their courſe of 140 miles in four days, and the young one keeping a head, won about ſeven in the evening. This day's walk was the moſt fatiguing, the ground being made very wet and heavy by the rain.

Yeſterday 7-night Mr. Welſh the high conſtable, went with a warrent, and ſearched the houſe lately kept by Peter Wood, and now by one Collins, over againſt Devereux court in the Strand: five ladies of pleaſure gailey dreſſed, were apprehended, and carried next morning before Mr. Harvey, and Mr. Chamberlain, at Mr. Fieldings, and they committed them all to New Priſon.

Monday Michael Rowland was committed to the Gatehouſe by Joſeph St. Lawrence, Eſq; for attempting to commit a rape on the body of Elizabeth Leonard, a child about ſix years old.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight an outlawed ſmuggler was brought in a coach and ſix, under a ſtrong guard, to the New Jail, Southwark.

The ſame day, as a fellow who was ordered to be committed to Bridewell; for ſome petty crime, was carrying along wapping, he was ſtopt by a gentlewoman, from whom he had lately ſtolen a gold watch, and carried before Juſtice Manwaring, who ſent him to Newgate.

Wedneſday 7-night a penſioner of Greenwich hoſpital ſtood in the pillory in the hall while the reſt were at dinner, for pilferring.

We are informed from Hexham in Northumberland, that a gentleman in that neighbourhood, who on account of a favourite ſpaniel of his who had been in the fields, and coming home all bloody, with the Ears cut off its head, was ſo much enraged, that he ordered his hounds to be unkennelled, to try if they could take the ſcent of the blood, &c. which as they immediately did, he ſent his ſervants to purſue them, and in caſe they found the perſon who had cropped the ſpaniel, to uſe him in the ſame manner. In a little time they came to a ſhepherd waſhing his hands which were bloody, and without farther ceremony, in obedience to their maſter's commands, cut off his ears.

They write from Edinburgh, that they have juſt received the agreeable accounts that the two herring buſſes which lately ſailed from thence have met with very good ſucceſs.

Extract of a letter from Boſton in New England, dated June 6.

" The ſmall pox has rag'd here for ſeveral months paſt, but not mortal till of late: laſt week 87 whites and 8 blacks died. They have innoculated with good ſucceſs, for out of 2500 only 31 died, & thoſe were old negroes, or people in a bad ſtate of health; of 4500 who took them by infection 442 have died. Of late it was as much as the healthy could take care of the ſick, and it was rare to ſee a perſon in the ſtreets, but now they begin to come again about the ſtreets."

" Extract of a letter from a perſon of note in Nova Scotia.

" When the fleet from England arrived here laſt ſummer, it was reported that the French governor of Canada had poſted a detachment, conſiſting of an officer and ſixty regular troops, at St. John's river on the north ſide of the bay of Fundy, and in the heart of this province: This was more eaſily credited as the ramparts of an old fort there, with a very little expence, might have been repaired into a defenſible fort. Upon a ſeeming confirmation of this report Capt. Rous, in the Albany ſloop of war, was ſent thither to know the truth of it; and with orders, as is ſuppoſed, to diſpoſſeſs them: On his return we found that the French had attempted nothing near the mouth of the river; but that they were about to ſecure themſelves at ſome conſiderable diſtance from it at a place the French governor claimed as a ſouthern boundary of Canady or new France. This being in a country inhabited by Indians, and the navigation of the river being unknown to moſt of the Engliſh nothing farther could then be done.

" In Semptember or October following, Monſ. le Corne an experienced French officer, at the head of 70 regular troops, and a party of Canada irregulars was ſent to take poſt at the Iſthmus of Chignecto being about 40 leagues eaſtward of that river, & on the extent of a line they claim, from lake Champlain to the weſtward on the back of New England, to the gulph of St. Laurence. To this place the Indians reſorted, to the number of 300; who fixing here their head quarters, made ſeveral incurſions upon the Peninſula ſince; but have ſeldom done any miſchief.

" As the Nova Scotia French in that part of the province is the moſt diſaffected of any, and have always behaved with contempt to the Britiſh government, tho' poſſeſſed of a very fine country, governor Cornwallis, who had indulged them with a long term of deliberation in regard to the taking the oath to his majeſty, to no purpoſe, ſent a ſtrong party, conſiſting of near 500 troops & rangers (to take poſſeſſion of Chignecto, and to break up the rendezvous of the French and Indians) commanded by Major Lawrence of Warburton's regiment.

" The Albany ſloop, & ſeveral ſloops & ſchooners were ſent round to Minas, where the forces embarked on the 20th of April, & arriving ſafe, landed at Chignecto on the 23d. On their approach to the town, which conſiſted of about 140 houſes and two churches, the Indians, probably induced by the French commandant, reduced the whole to aſhes in a little time, and the inhabitants croſſing the river, threw themſelves under his protection, on what they call the French ſide of the Line. The reaſon aſſigned for their burning the town is, that it ſtood on ground they pleaſed at preſent to call Engliſh.

As many of the inhabitants had taken arms, making their united force conſiſt (as they ſay) of about 1500 armed men, the major ſent a flag of truce (they having hoiſted a French flag) to know the Reaſon of their acting in this hoſtile manner, & afterwards had an interview with M. le Corne; upon which our forces reimbarked, and are ſafely returned to Minas.

What paſſed at this interview is not made publick, but it is probable the enemy were too well ſecured and had too great a ſuperiority, to make an attempt practicable.

This line, which the French would now extend their claim to, will extend eaſterly from Crown Point nearly in the latitude of 44 deg. 30 min. which will not only cut off ſome millions of acres, the indiſputable property of the New England colonies; but falling into a Place called Penobſcut Bay, gives the French near three quarters of Accadia, or Nova Scotia, according to its ever known and acknowleged boundaries, and above 100 leagues of fine ſea coaſt, covered with innumerble Iſlands, fine Harbours and fiſhing banks, that will in time of war put it in their power to cut off the whole trade of the northern colonies, ruin the ſettlements we are making, and beggar the whole continent; beſides furniſhing them with a fertile country covered with an inexhauſtible ſtock of Trees and timber, for building and maſting their Navy."

Paris A-la main, Aug. 7.

Several perſons of quality have ordered iron rods to be fixed on the tops of their houſes, to preſerve them from the thunder.

The parliament, in imitation of that of Toulouſe, has iſſued an edict to ſuppreſs the Theſis maintained by the Cordeliers of Pezenas, which was printed at Avignon, and ſome copies of which began to make their appearance.

The vicar of St. Stephen du Mont has been ſummoned by ſound of trumpet to ſurrender himſelf a priſoner within three days, upon pain of being outlaw'd.

Stock 1885.

Mr. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Clarges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner, as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Briſtol, Aug. 1. On Tueſday laſt a footman to Mr. Tongue, in prince ſtreet, went up into a garret of that gentleman's houſe, tied his left arm to the bed poſt, and cut it ſo much acroſs the blood veſſels and tendons, that he bled to death. The cauſe of his committing this raſh action is not known.

IRELAND.

Cork, July 24. There is now in this city one Cornelius Magrath, a boy of 15 years 11 months old of a moſt gigantick ſtature, being exactly 7 feet 9 inches three quarters high, he is clumſey made, talks Iriſh and ſimple, he came hither from Youghal, where he has been a year going into the ſalt water for rheumatic pains, which almoſt crippled him, which the phyſicians now ſay were growing pains, for he is grown to the monſtrous ſize he is of within theſe 12 Months. He was a month at the biſhop of Cloyn's, who took great care of him; his hand is as big as a middling ſhoulder of mutton, the laſt of his ſhoe, which he carries about with him, meaſures 17 inches. He was born in the couuty of Tipperary within five miles of the ſilver mines.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

FRANCE.

Paris July 24. They write from Marſeilles, that a Ship arrived there from the coaſt of Africa, brings Advice, that the old dey of Tunis had ſtrengthned his Party ſo much, that after beating his ſon repeated times, he had at length retaken poſſeſſion of town & Palace, where he reigns with more authority than ever. The ſon is, 'tis ſaid, retired in great confuſion to Algiers.

ITALY.

Rome, July 13. The cardinal of York has declared that he will not return to Rome unleſs Abbe Ricciarı, one of the chief houſhold officers, be allowed alſo return; the removal of this perſon having the greateſt ſhare in the cardinal's diſpleaſure; the unlimitted confidence into which he had inſinuated himſelf with the ſon, gave the father ſuch offence, that he required his diſmiſſion; the cardinal indeed complied, but had his ſecret interviews with his favourite; upon which the chevalier got him to be ſent to Genoa: the cardinal has declared, that all mediations will be to no purpoſe; that the terms are, both or none to return.

BANKRUPTS.

John Holdſtock, of the pariſh of St. Paul Covent Garden, in the county of Middleſex, chapman and grocer.

Joſeph Coyſgarne, now or late of London, merchant and chapman.

William Huchetſon, late of the city of Briſtol, merchant.

For the PALSY,

An infallible and ſpeedy Cure; by a moſt pleaſant Chymica Tincture, to be taken in Drops,

WHICH effectually cures all Nervous, or Paralitic Diſorders, for

It infallibly gives inſtant Relief, and in a ſmall Time makes a perfect Cure, in any Paralitic or Nervous Indiſpoſition, proceeding from what Cauſe ſoever; and alſo in all Weakneſſes or Decays of Nature, whether from old Age, or occaſioned by continued Exceſſes of Body, or any Irregularities of Life, ſuch as hard Drinking, &c. whereby Nature is ſorely weakened, and often in a Manner quite ſpoiled.

This infallible Chymical Tincture is endued with ſuch ſpecific Qualities, that it inſtantly enters the Nerves, the principal Seat of all Complaints of a Paralitic Kind, and reſtores natural Heat and Strength to a Degree conſiſtent with a good State of Health; and in a very little Time perfectly cures all Paralitic Weakneſſes of the longeſt ſtanding, and the ſeverest or worſt Effects of it, either on old or young; ſuch as ſhaking, or trembling of the Limbs, Numneſs, or even Deadneſs on any Part of the Body, as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes, and all Ages

As for any Weakneſſes, or Decay, of Nature, by Age or otherwiſe, this Tincture has not its Equal; it is ſo gentle in Operation, as not to give the leaſt Diſturbance, but in its effects, ſo ſtrong and prevalent, that all Decays or any other Indiſpoſition attending the Head and Nerves, are inſtantly relieved, and daily mended; ſo that in a very little Time, a perfect Cure is accompliſhed

It is exceeding pleaſant to take, ſafe in Operation, and perfectly agreeable to the Stomach and Palate, greatly helps Digeſtion, cauſes a good Appetite, revives and ſtrengthens the whole Human Frame, and is ſo ſafe and regular a Cure of all Paralytic, Convulſive, and other Nervous Indiſpoſitions, that nothing in the World was ever to equal it

It is ſold, by ſpecial Order of the Author, now only (ſince Mrs Markham is removed from Fleet ſtreet) at Mr. Pearſon's Toy Shop, the Sign of the Seven Stars, under St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleetſtreet, and by Mrs. Wharton, a Milliner, at the Sign of the Bluecoat Boy and Fan, near the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. each Bottle.

By the KING's PATENT,

For this *Kingdom* and the *Plantations*,

THE *Purging Antivenereal* ELECTUARY (whereby all Degrees and Symptoms of the Venereal Diſeaſe, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt confirmed Pox, are happily cured and eradicated) is ſold only by the Proprietor, R. ROCK, L. M. at his Chymiſt's Shop, the Corner of Bell-Savage Inn Gateway, Ludgate-hill, London, at Six Shillings the Pot.

A Book of plain Inſtructions for each Perſon to know the State he is in, with the Symptoms attending the different Degrees of Infection, and plain Directions how to treat them, whereby he may in general be his own Phyſician, is given with each Pot of Electuary.

This Medicine is not unpleaſant to take, is of a ſafe and gentle Nature, not operating violently, yet roots out the Diſeaſe; it requires not too ſtrict a Regimen of Diet, nor expoſes the Body to Injury from the Weather.

No Perſon need be apprehenſive of a Diſcovery of his Diſorder from this Medicine, as it may be taken, and the Patient follow Buſineſs as uſual.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received ſome Taint from a Converſe with an impure Perſon, by taking a Doſe or two of this Electuary may have their Minds ſet at Eaſe, either by its ſhewing them, from no Symptoms appearing, that they have eſcaped, and are ſafe; or, in caſe of Infection, by bringing on a gentle Diſcharge of the Virus, which otherwiſe would have lain lurking in them, and ſpreading its Malignity.

Such as have received imperfect Cures, may, by a few Doſes of this Electuary, have all Infection carried off, and their Cure happily completed.

Nor is this Medicine leſs effectual in the Cure of ſome Species of the Rheumatiſm; and may be had at my Shop, on asking for a Six Shilling Pot of Electuary for the Rheumatiſm.

Perſons likewiſe of a Scrophulous, Scorbutic, or groſs Habit of Body, cannot have a better cleanſing, purifying, and ſweetening Purge; which, regularly and properly taken, will do Wonders towards their Cure.

Perſons who have got any Degree of the Venereal Diſeaſe, and are obliged to go to Sea with it on them, would do well to take ſome of this Electuary and my plain Book of Inſtructions with them; They'll ſoon find the Benefit of ſo doing; and it will keep good in all Climates.

This Electuary is efficacious in carrying off all Impurities in an eaſy gentle Manner; is ſafe for Perſons of all Ages and both Sexes.—And the Proprietor, who has practiſed Medicine for Two-and-thirty Years, and made the Cure of the Venereal Diſeaſe his principal Study, attends from Seven in the Morning 'till Ten at Night, to give his Patients and Cuſtomers all neceſſary Advice and Aſſiſtance to the Completion of their Cure.

He anſwers all Letters, Poſt paid.

At the above Place may be had, my genuine Reſtoring Viper Drops, 3s. a Bottle.

Chymical Liquor for curing the ITCH, or any other BREAKING OUT whatever. Price 1s. 6d. the Bottle.

Daffy's ELIXER. 9d. the Bottle.

Tincture for curing the Tooth-Ach, and cleaning the Teeth, 1s. the Bottle.

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenneſs *in Women; and is vaſtly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A Few Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and ſo exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, as ſoon to ſhew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick; nor is there any thing in Nature beſides, that can in that Reſpect come up to it conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Declenſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe Purpoſes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Phyſick, that SINE CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, that is itſelf is ſo ſufficiently nutritious as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way; not but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in ſome Degree, at leaſt as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only, furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Teſtes) and gives an elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſculi Erectores Penis in Men, and correct, cleanſes, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb, in Women, the Lankneſs and Laxity of the former, and the Foulneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency or Infertility, in either Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing elſe beſides; and that it is Balſamick, and greatly Reſtorative, is confirmed by long Experience; and we have many Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weakneſſes, by a continued Uſe of the common Preparations of Vipers, which this Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience its nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is ſuch a prefect Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will ſo inſtantaneouſly animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the ſame Time ſeldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourſe Prolifick, Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere Street, Clare-Market, ſealed up with Directions (for any Meſſenger) upon asking for only a bottle of Quinteſſence.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Strangurles, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 30000 Bottles have been ſold ſince April 1734, that they were firſt publiſh'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovesaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Boluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3s. 6d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely relyed upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tenderest Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3s 6d.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON,

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

Hence it is that so many Practitioners in Town and Country send for it for their Patients, as finding it absolutely to be depended upon, and much more safe and effectual than any other Medicine whatsoever.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and agreeable Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, This Grand Anti-Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

The Incomparable POWDER for cleaning the TEETH,

Which needs no artificial Means to recommend it to the World, its own Virtues being sufficient; nor did we ever seek for a Patent; for, as they say, Good Wine needs no Bush,

Is now Sold by special Order of the Author, (since Mrs. Markham *is removed from* Fleet-street) *only, at Mr.* Pearson's *Toy Shop, the Sign of the* Seven Stars, *under* St. Dunstan's Church *in* Fleet-street; *and by Mrs.* Wharton, *a Milliner, at the Sign of the* Blue-Coat-Boy *and* Fan, *near the* Royal-Exchange, *in* Cornhill, *and no where else in* England, *at* 1s *each Box, or* 13 *to the Dozen.*

It is sent for in large Quantities from the Plantations beyond the Seas, where good Allowance is given; and is as effectual in the East and West Indies as at London.

IT has given surprizing Satisfaction to most of the Nobility and Gentry in England, near 40 Years last past that it hath been published: and vast Quantities of it still continue to be sold, notwithstanding the many Counterfeits, since its first Publication.

At once using it makes the Teeth as white as Ivory, tho' ever so black or yellow before, and effectually preserves them from rotting or decaying, continuing them safe and sound to exceeding old Age. It wonderfully cures the Scurvy in the Gums, and prevents Rheum and Defluction. It admirably fastens loose Teeth, being a neat cleanly Medicine, of a pleasant and grateful Scent, and in Virtue far exceeds any Thing ever yet found out for those Purposes.

The LIP-SALVE,

Which is so much esteemed, and of so many Years large Experience, and whose Virtues vastly exceed any of the many Counterfeits, since its first Publication, is sold at the same Places at 1s. each Box.

In two or three Hours Time it heals the Lips tho' ever so rough or chopped; prevents the Skin from peeling, and makes them delicately soft and smooth, giving them a becoming ruddy Colour: the Fragrancy of its Odour also renders the Breath fine and sweet, and it may be eaten for its safety.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again; be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, nocturnal Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flashing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirit and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs or other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other almost innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these stomach tam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and cheerful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves: so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill London, at 2s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions and Advice at large.

GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO destructive to the Constitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by drawing away the Radical Moisture or very Essence of Life, and inducing Consumptions, Nervous Disorders, &c. but to Posterity also, inasmuch as those afflicted with such Gleetings, if not wholy disabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miserable, and short-liv'd Issue.

These wasting Gleetings, occasion'd by Self-pollution, excessive Venery, severe Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almost all Physicians and Surgeons to be so very difficult to overcome, are now so certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Restrictive Balsamick Electuary, that no one, how bad soever, need despair of being entirely set to Rights by it in a few Days.

It is from this its most extraordinary Efficacy, that so many Practitioners in Town and Country now send for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only sure and infallible Remedy that can be safely rely'd upon in those Cases. The Price of this Grand Medicine is 6s. a Pot, seal'd up, with a Book of Instructions, highly necessary to be read by all Persons whoever were afflicted with any Disorder of the Seminal Vessels or neighbouring Parts.

Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd unless Post-paid.

To Persons of either Sex,
Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even to an infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that to those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralytick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 2s. 6d. a bottle, with printed Directions at large.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY *and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived to the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without a sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, dost once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humours and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again: as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them, in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Botches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings-out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases, which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and ease the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 2s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY OF IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *whether occasioned, by* Pollutio sui, *Semina Weaknesses of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And also

Of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weaknesses, Coldness of Constitution, or any other Cause whatever.*

The Famous and Inestimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenness in Women, in the Universe, and which it at once accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid depressed State, to one more florid and sparkling, opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating it to such a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Disposition, banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by past living, Strains, or Self Abuses, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weaknesses of Body, or Decays of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age itself.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 5s. a Bottle, sealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

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